

# CONTINUOUSLY DIFFERENTIABLE FUNCTIONS ON COMPACT SETS

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ABSTRACT. We consider the space  $C^1(K)$  of  $\mathbb{R}^m$ -valued continuously differentiable functions  $f : K \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  on an arbitrary compact set  $K \subseteq \mathbb{R}^d$  defined by the usual affine-linear approximability, i.e., there is a continuous function  $f' : K \rightarrow L(\mathbb{R}^d, \mathbb{R}^m)$  with

$$\frac{\|f(x+h) - f(x) - f'(x)(h)\|_{\mathbb{R}^m}}{\|h\|_{\mathbb{R}^d}} \rightarrow 0 \text{ for all } x \in K$$

endowed with the norm  $\|f\|_{C^1(K)} = \inf\{\sup\|f'(x)\|_{L(\mathbb{R}^d, \mathbb{R}^m)} : x \in K\} : f'$  is a continuous derivative of  $f$ .

We characterize the completeness of this space and prove that the restriction space  $C^1(\mathbb{R}^d|K) = \{f|_K : f \in C^1(\mathbb{R}^d)\}$  is always dense in  $C^1(K)$ . The space  $C^1(K)$  is then compared with other spaces of differentiable functions on compact sets.

This is a joint work with Leonhard Frerick and Laurent Loosveldt.

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